CLAIMS

- 1. An isolated DNA selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a DNA encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ. ID. NO. 2;
 - (b) a DNA consisting of the coding region of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ. ID. NO. 1;
 - (c) a DNA encoding a protein comprising one or more substitutions in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2 wherein the encoded protein is a functional equivalent of the protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ. ID. NO. 2; and
- 10 (d) a DNA hybridizing under stringent conditions with a DNA consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ. ID. NO.1, such that the encoded protein is a functional equivalent to the protein consisting of the amino acid sequence SEQ. ID. NO.2
 - (e) a DNA encoding a partial peptide of the protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ. ID. NO.2.
- 15 2. A vector comprising the DNA of claim 1

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- 3. A transformed cell comprising the DNA of claim 1.
- 4. A transformed cell comprising the vector of claim 2.
- 5. An isolated protein encoded by the DNA according to claim 1, wherin said protein promotes cell proliferation or activates treancription of a target gene.
- 20 6. An isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2 or fragment thereof.
 - 7. A method for producing a protein, comprising the steps of culturing the transformed cell of claim 4, and collecting the protein expressed from the cells or the culture supernatant thereof.
- 25 8. A transcription activation complex comprising the protein of claim 5 and at least one-co-activator.
 - 9. The complex of claim 8, the co-activator is selected from the group consisting of an RNA helicase, and an RNA polymerase II.
 - 10. An antibody that bind immunospecifically to the protein of claim 5 or the complex of claim 8.
 - 11. A polynucleotide comprising at least 15 nucleotides, wherein said polynucleotide hybridizes under stringent conditions to the nucleotide sequence of SEQ. ID. NO.1 or the complement of said nucleotide sequence
 - 12. A composition comprising the antibody of claim 10 or the polynucleotide of claim 11.
- 35 13. A method of screening for a compound that binds to the protein of claim 5, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) contacting a subject sample, containing at least one test compound, with the protein of claim 5 or a fragment thereof;
 - (b) detecting the binding activity of the subject sample with the protein or fragment thereof; and
 - (c) selecting the test compound that binds to the protein or fragment thereof.
 - 14. A compound identified by the method of claim 13.

- 15. A method of screening for a compound that inhibits the activity of the protein of claim 5, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) culturing cells which express the protein of claim 5 or fragment thereof in the presence of a subject sample which contains at least one test compound;
 - (b) detecting the proliferation of the cell; and

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- (c) selecting the test compound that inhibits the proliferation as compared to the proliferation detected in the absence of the subject sample.
- 16. A compound identified by the method of claim 15.
- 17. A method of screening a compound for anti-cancer activity, comprising the steps of:
- 10 (a) contacting a subject sample, containing at least one test compound, with the protein of claim 5, a co-activator thereof and a DNA containing the target sequence of said protein under suitable conditions to allow formation of the complex of said protein with the DNA; and
 - (b) selecting the test compound that inhibits the formation of the complex.
- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein said target sequence comprises a CBS sequence flanking the 5' region of EGFR.
 - 19. A method of screening a compound for anti-cancer activity, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) contacting a subject sample, containing at least one test compound, with the complex of claim 7 and a reporter gene with a transcriptional regulatory region recognized by said complex; and
 - (b) selecting the test compound that inhibits the expression of the reporter gene.
 - 20. The compound identified by the method of claim 17.
 - 21. The compound identified by the method of claim 18
 - 22. The compound identified by the method of claim 19.
- 25 23. An anti-cancer composition comprising the compound of claim 20.
 - 24. An anti-cancer composition comprising the compound of claim 21.
 - 25. An anti-cancer composition comprising the compound of claim 22.
 - 26. An anti-cancer composition comprising an antisense oligonucleotide, ribozyme, or small interference RNA that binds to the DNA of claim 1.
- 30 27. A method diagnosing cancer, wherein said method comprises the steps of:
 - (a) determining a expression level of the ZNFN3A1 gene in biological sample of specimen;
 - (b) comparing the expression level of ZNFN3A1 gene with that in normal sample, and
 - (c) defining a high expression level of the ZNFN3A1 gene in the sample as having a cancer.
 - 28. The method of claim 27, wherein the cancer is hepatocellular carcinoma.
 - 29. A diagnostic agent for diagnosing hepatocellular carcinoma comprising a compound that binds to the DNA of claim 1
 - 30. A diagnostic agent for diagnosing hepatocellular carcinoma comprising a compound that binds to protein of claim 5.

- 31. A method of inhibiting tumor cell growth in a subject, comprising administering to said subject a composition comprising a ZNFN3A1 small interfering RNA (siRNA).
- 32. The method of claim 31, wherein said siRNA comprises a sense ZNFN3A1 nucleic acid and a anti-sense ZNFN3A1 nucleic acid.
- 5 33. The method of claim 32, wherein said tumor cell is colorectal cancer cell or liver cancer cell.
 - 34. The method of claim 33, wherein said colorectal cancer cell is an adenocarcinoma cell.
 - 35. The method of claim 33, wherein said liver cancer cell is a hepatocellular carcinoma cell.

- 36. The method of claim 32, wherein the siRNA is specific for a ZNFN3A1 target selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 451-471, 532-552, 623-643, 625-645, 636-656,726-746, 923-943, 1065-1085, and 1258-1278 of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 37. The method of claim 36, wherein the siRNA has the general formula 5'-[A]-[B][A']-3', wherein [A] is a ribonucleotide sequence coresponding to a sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 451-471, 532-552, 623-643, 625-645, 636-656,726-746, 923-943, 1065-1085, and 1258-1278 of SEQ ID NO:1,
 [B] is a ribonucleotide sequence consisting of 3 to 23 nucleotides, and
 - [A'] is a ribonucleotide sequence consisting of the complementary sequence of [A].
- 20 38. The method of claim 31, wherein said composition comprises a transfection-enhancing agent.
 - 39. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a combination of a sense strand nucleic acid and an antisense strand nucleic acid, wherein said sense strand nucleic acid comprises nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 451-471, 532-
- 25 552, 623-643, 625-645, 636-656,726-746, 923-943, 1065-1085, and 1258-1278 of SEQ ID NO:1, and said antisense strand nucleic acid consists of complementary sequence thereof, respectivery.
 - 40. The isolated polynucleotide of claim 39, wherein said sense strand nucleic acid and antisense strand nucleic acid are on the same strand.
- The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 39, wherein said sense strand nucleic acid consists of a nucleotide sequence shorter than about 100 nucleotides.
 - 42. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 41, wherein said sense strand nucleic acid is shorter than about 75 nucleotides.
- 43. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 42, wherein said sense strand nucleic acid is shorter than about 50 nucleotides.
 - 44. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 43, wherein said sense strand nucleic acid is shorter than about 25 nucleotides.
 - 45. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 44, wherein said sense strand nucleic acid is between about 19 and about 25 nucleotides in length.
- 46. A vector comprising a nucleic acid molecule comprising a combination of a sense strand nucleic acid and an antisense strand nucleic acid, wherein said sense strand nucleic acid comprises nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of

nucleotides 451-471, 532-552, 623-643, 625-645, 636-656, 726-746, 923-943, 1065-1085, and 1258-1278 of SEQ ID NO:1, and said antisense strand nucleic acid consists of complementary sequence thereof, respectivery.

47. The vector of claim 46, wherein said nucleic acid molecule has the general formula 5'-[A]-[B]-[A']-3', wherein [A] is a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 451-471, 532-552, 623-643, 625-645, 636-656,726-746, 923-943, 1065-1085, and 1258-1278 of SEQ ID NO:1,

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- [B] is a nucleotide sequence consisting of 3 to 23 nucleotides, and [A'] is a nucleotide sequence consisting of the complementary sequence of [A].
- 48. A composition comprising at least one siRNA comprising a combination of a sense strand nucleic acid and an antisense strand nucleic acid, and pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein said sense strand nucleic acid comprises ribonucleotide sequence coresponding to a sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 451-471, 532-552, 623-643, 625-645, 636-656,726-746, 923-943, 1065-1085, and
 15 1258-1278 of SEQ ID NO:1, and said antisense strand sequence consists of complementary sequence thereof, respectivery.
 - 49. A double-stranded molecule comprising a sense strand and an antisense strand, wherein the sense strand comprises a ribonucleotide sequence corresponding to a ZNFN3A1 target sequence, and wherein the antisense strand comprises a ribonucleotide sequence which is complementary to said sense strand, wherein said sense strand and said antisense strand hybridize to each other to form said double-stranded molecule, and wherein said double-stranded molecule, when introduced into a cell expressing the ZNFN3A1 gene, inhibits expression of said gene.
- The double-stranded molecule of claim 49, wherein said ZNFN3A1 target sequence comprises at least about 10 contiguous nucleotides from SEQ ID No:1.
 - 51. The double-stranded molecule of claim 50, wherein said ZNFN3A1 target sequence comprises from about 19 to about 25 contiguous nucleotides from SEQ ID No:1.
 - 52. The double-stranded molecule of claim 51, wherein said ZNFN3A1 target sequence is selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 451-471, 532-552, 623-643, 625-645, 636-656,726-746, 923-943, 1065-1085, and 1258-1278 of SEQ ID NO:1.
 - 53. The double-stranded molecule of claim 49, wherein a single ribonucleotide transcript comprises the sense strand and the antisense strand, said double-stranded molecule further comprising a single-stranded ribonucleotide sequence linking said sense strand and said antisense strand.
- 35 54. The double-stranded molecule of claim 49, wherein the double stranded molecule is an oligonucleotide of less than about 100 nucleotides in length.
 - 55. The double-stranded molecule of claim 54, wherein the double stranded molecule is an oligonucleotide of less than about 75 nucleotides in length.
- 56. The double-stranded molecule of claim 55, wherein the double stranded molecule is an oligonucleotide of less than about 50 nucleotides in length.
 - 57. The double-stranded molecule of claim 56, wherein the double stranded molecule is an oligonucleotide of less than about 25 nucleotides in length.

- 58. The double-stranded nucleic acid molecule of claim 57, wherein the double stranded molecule is an oligonucleotide of between about 19 and about 25 nucleotides in length.
- 59. A vector encoding the double-stranded molecule of claim 49.
- 5 60. The vector of claim 59, wherein the vector encodes a transcript having a secondary structure, wherein the transcript comprises the sense strand and the antisense strand.
 - 61. The vector of claim 59, wherein the transcript further comprises a single-stranded ribonucleotide sequence linking said sense strand and said antisense strand.